Visual Review

The New Nation and the New Revolution
Americans react to the French Revolution.

The Rise of Party Tensions
Thomas Jefferson and Alexander Hamilton lead the development of two opposing parties.

Neutrality and Jay’s Treaty
President George Washington chooses neutrality in diplomatic affairs, but favors Britain in Jay’s Treaty.

The Popular Politics of Rebellion
Washington’s popularity is tested by domestic politics and trade.

Indian Warfare and European Power
U.S. conflicts with Indians and European powers.

The United States in the Age of the French Revolution

A NEW NATION FACING A REVOLUTIONARY WORLD, 1789–1815

Party Conflict Intensifies

Jefferson Elected
Thomas Jefferson is elected President.

Democracy: Limits and Conflicts
Democratic Republicans move to erase Federalist influence in politics.

Adams in Power
President John Adams tries to navigate rising party tensions.

Alien and Sedition Acts
Congress passes the Alien and Sedition Acts, aggravating political tensions.

Quasi-War with France
Adams pursues a balancing act of nonaggression with France.

Slave Rebellions: Saint Domingue and Virginia
Slave rebellions cause fear of revolution at home.
The “Revolution” of 1800 and the Revolution of 1804

Trade, Conflict, Warfare

The War of 1812

War Declared
Democratic Republicans push for war against Britain.

Opposition to the War of 1812
The Federalist party presented opposition to the war throughout its duration.

U.S. offensives in Canada
The United States unsuccessfully invades Canada.

Tecumseh and Pan-Indian Resistance
Tecumseh and many Indians side with the British during the war.

Naval War
Surprisingly, the United States finds some success against the British navy.

British Offensive
The British invade.

The War Ends
Treaty is signed and peace declared, without much gain for either side.

Haitian Revolution
Haiti declares independence from France without support from the United States.

The Louisiana Purchase
United States purchases Louisiana territory from France.

Transatlantic and Caribbean Trade
Anglo-French wars in the Caribbean present opportunities and obstacles for the United States.

Mediterranean Trade: Barbary Wars
U.S. trade gets harassed by Barbary pirates, and wars ensue.

Western Discontents
Western citizens flirt with Spain and face conflicts with Britain and Indians.

European Wars and Commercial Sanctions
Tensions rise with Britain and France over trade restrictions.

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