CHAPTER 2: Colonists on the Margins

Visual Review

Spain Stakes Claim to Florida
- Spain maintains a tenuous hold on North America's first European colony

New Spain into the Southwest
- Pueblo Indians face Spanish invaders who establish New Mexico

England Enters Eastern North America
- England emerges as Spain's primary rival for North America

Imports and a Changing Indian Northeast
- Intensified trade with European visitors leads to important changes for Indians

Conquest Begins and Trade Expands, 1565–1607

COLONISTS ON THE MARGINS, 1565–1640

European Islands in an Algonquian Ocean, 1607–1625

Tsenacommacah and Virginia
- English colonists establish a foothold in North America despite fierce Algonquian resistance

New France, New Netherland, New Indian Northeast
- France and the Netherlands establish colonies in North America based primarily on trade with Indian neighbors

Pilgrims and Algonquians
- Algonquians in southern New England monitor the new immigrants, the Pilgrims
Seeking God, Seizing Land, Reaping Conflict, 1625 to c. 1640

Missionaries and Indians in New France and New Mexico
Catholic missionaries step up efforts to evangelize Indians in New France and New Mexico

Migration and the Expansion of Dutch and English North America
Labor needs lead to dramatic rise in immigration to North America

Dissent in the City upon a Hill
Puritans try to form a new model society in New England

Colonist-Algonquian Wars
Immigrant demand for land leads to several wars between European colonists and Algonquian peoples